

Workers in the Triangle Area of North Carolina," 2000. The study examined the Latino workers' perception of working conditions and the availability of safety information. While admittedly a small sample, Latinos in this study reported hazardous working conditions and that employers "failed to comply with safety standards." Less than half were provided equipment to protect from falls, although 13% of all fatalities in 2000 were a result of falls. Only about one third of those interviewed (37%) "reported that they receive regular, high quality training in Spanish," but 44% of respondents received no safety instruction at all. For many who experienced poor training, safety information was only provided in English or in written format, which non-literate workers were unable to use. The study found that most of these workers were not aware of their rights and the State of North Carolina's role in protecting their rights. Information about the NC Department of Labor's Latino Task Force and Labor One is available on the internet at: <http://www.dol.state.nc.us/> in the Department of Labor statistics (accessed March 21, 2002); www.dol.state.nc.us/news/inj2000.htm; and www.dol.state.nc.us/news/laone214.htm.

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79. North Carolina Coalition for Domestic Violence Website. January, 2002. <http://www.nccadv.org/main.htm>. Although the percentage of Hispanic women served by domestic violence programs is not substantially different from the percentage of Hispanics in the state's population, Hispanic women may actually be underserved. Since the percent of Hispanic population who are women ages 15 to 24 (9.0%) is larger than the percent of non-Hispanic women in this age group (6.5%), and victims of domestic violence are more likely to be young women, one might expect that the demand for these services would be higher than currently indicated.